# "Highlight on The Importance of PIDs for Researchers and Institutions"

"LIBSENSE Virtual Workshop: Arab Region - Progress & Prospective - October 2020"

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### What's a PID?

A persistent identifier (PI or PID) is a long-lasting reference to a document, file, web page, or other object.

### RINGOLD









### Why PIDs?

"The issue of citation standards became important in the online world as well. Studies have shown that within a few years of being cited, a significant percentage of web addresses go "dead"!"





### **PIDs for Organizations!**



The Legal Entity Identifier is a unique global identifier for legal entities participating in financial transactions.





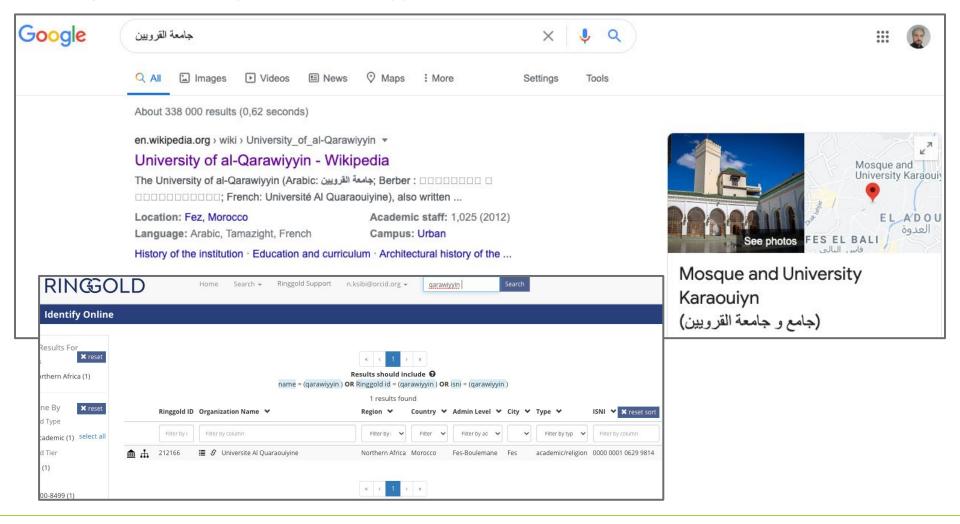
GRID is the Global Research Identifier Database and releases IDs and metadata under a CC-1 license.

Ringgold is a registration agency for ISNI, and the Ringgold database include cross-walked ISNI organizational identifiers.



### Why PIDs for Organizations?

جامعة القروبين Example: University of al-Qarawiyyin





### **PIDs For Contributors!**

#### **Staff homepages**



In **About me** if you have ORCID, Scopus and ResearcherID profiles the badges linking to these should appear. If not, contact your Library Services Team.

Under **Social Media Links** badges for Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, YouTube, Google Scholar and Instagram can be added to your staff home page.

For help with your staff home page visit the links below:

University of South Australia libguide





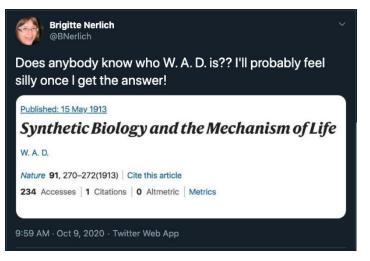
9,7+ Million ORCID iDs and counting...



Source: <a href="https://quides.library.unisa.edu.au/Networking/Profile">https://quides.library.unisa.edu.au/Networking/Profile</a>

### Why PIDs for Contributors?





Guideline > Autophagy. 2016;12(1):1-222. doi: 10.1080/15548627.2015.1100356.

### Guidelines for the use and interpretation of assays for monitoring autophagy (3rd edition)

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, Bo Wang <sup>1952</sup>, Caihong Wang <sup>128</sup>, Chao-Yung Wang <sup>1953</sup>, Chengshu Wang <sup>1954</sup>, Chenran Wang <sup>435</sup>, Chuangui Wang <sup>1955</sup>, Dong Wang <sup>1956</sup>, Fen Wang <sup>1957</sup>, Fuxin Wang <sup>1958</sup>, Guanghui Wang <sup>1959</sup>, Hai-Jie Wang <sup>1960</sup>, Haichao Wang <sup>1961</sup>, Hong-Gang Wang <sup>1962</sup>, Hongmin Wang <sup>1963</sup>, Horng-Dar Wang <sup>1964</sup>, Jing Wang <sup>1965</sup>, Junjun Wang <sup>1966</sup>, Mei Wang <sup>872</sup>, Mei-Qing Wang <sup>1967</sup>, Pei-Yu Wang <sup>1968</sup>, Peng Wang <sup>332</sup>, Richard C Wang <sup>1969</sup>, Shuo Wang <sup>1970</sup>, Ting-Fang Wang <sup>1690</sup>, Xian Wang <sup>1971</sup>, Xiao-Jia Wang <sup>1972</sup>, Xiao-Wei Wang <sup>1973</sup>, Xin Wang <sup>1974</sup>, Xuejun Wang <sup>1975</sup>, Yan Wang <sup>324</sup>, Yanming Wang <sup>1976</sup>, Ying Wang <sup>1977</sup>, Ying-Jan Wang <sup>1978</sup>, Yipeng Wang <sup>1245</sup>, Yu Wang <sup>1979</sup>, Yu Tian Wang <sup>1980</sup>, Yuqing Wang <sup>992</sup>, Zhi-Nong Wang <sup>1981</sup>, Pablo Wappner <sup>1982</sup>, Carl
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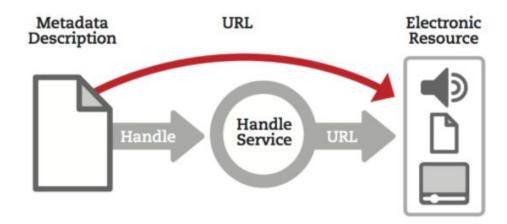


Source: https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/26799652/

### **PIDs For Contributions!**













Source: <a href="http://www.persid.org/downloads/Pl-intro-2010-09-22.pdf">http://www.persid.org/downloads/Pl-intro-2010-09-22.pdf</a>

# PIDs for Systems Interoperability and Open Research "ready" Infrastructure!

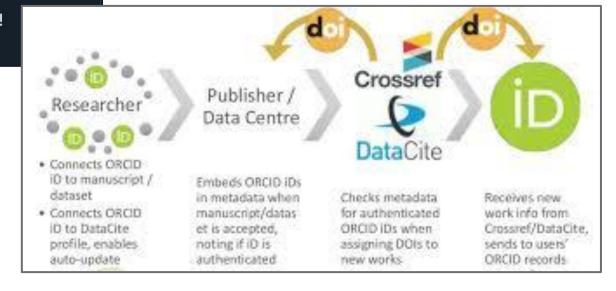


I don't mind my manuscript getting rejected after peer review. But I do mind when I can't even log into the damned journal submission site!

FFS, can ALL journals please allow us to log in with a single ID (like @ORCID\_Org)!

**AUTHORS DON'T HAVE TIME FOR THIS BS!!** 

4:32 AM · Sep 16, 2020 · Twitter Web App



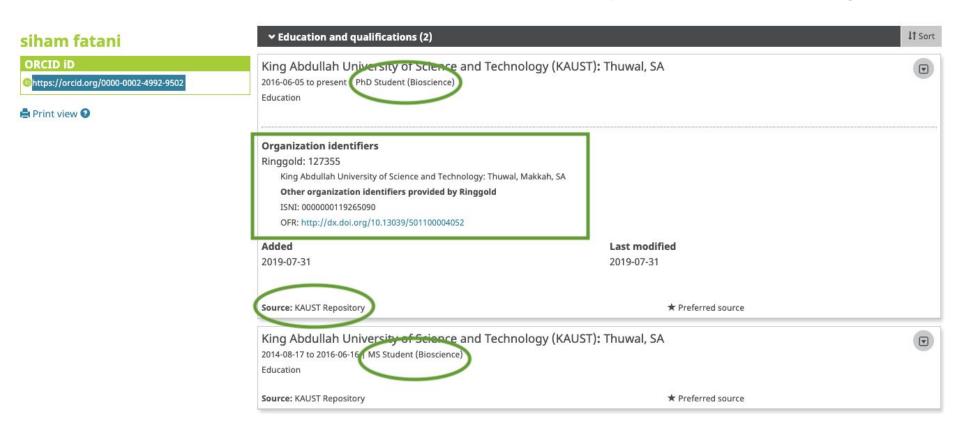




### اضافة الوظيفة من خلال المؤسسة

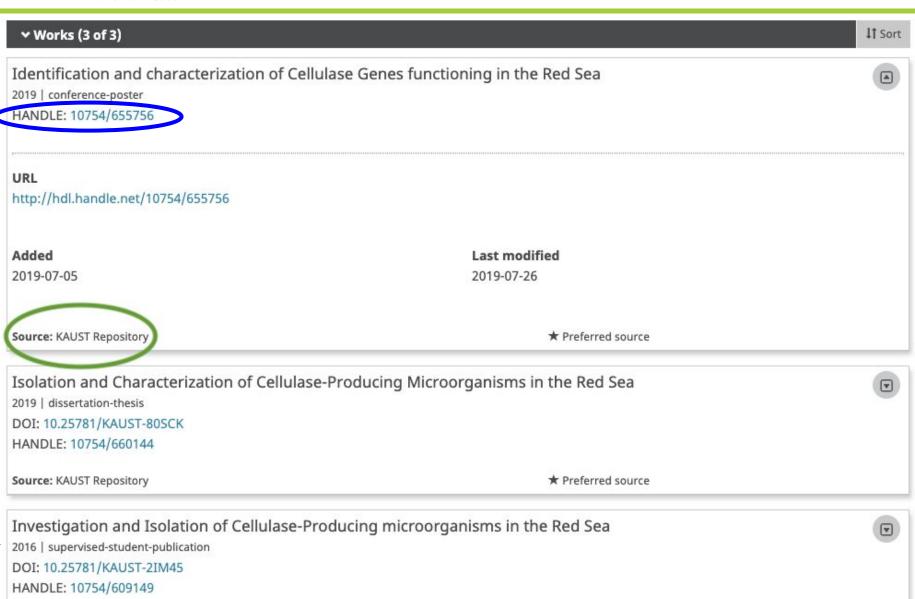
مثال لسجل أوركيد الخاص بطالبة في جامعة الملك عبدالله للعلوم والتقنية (https://orcid.org/0000-0002-4992-9502).

حيث تم دمج البيانات من خلال السجل المؤسسي بالمكتبة DSPACE





### اضافة الأعمال البحثية عبر المؤسسة





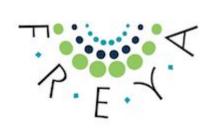
## طريقة دفع المعلومات (المصدر Datacite)



### **PIDs Initiatives and Drivers**









ORCID and DataCite Interoperability Network





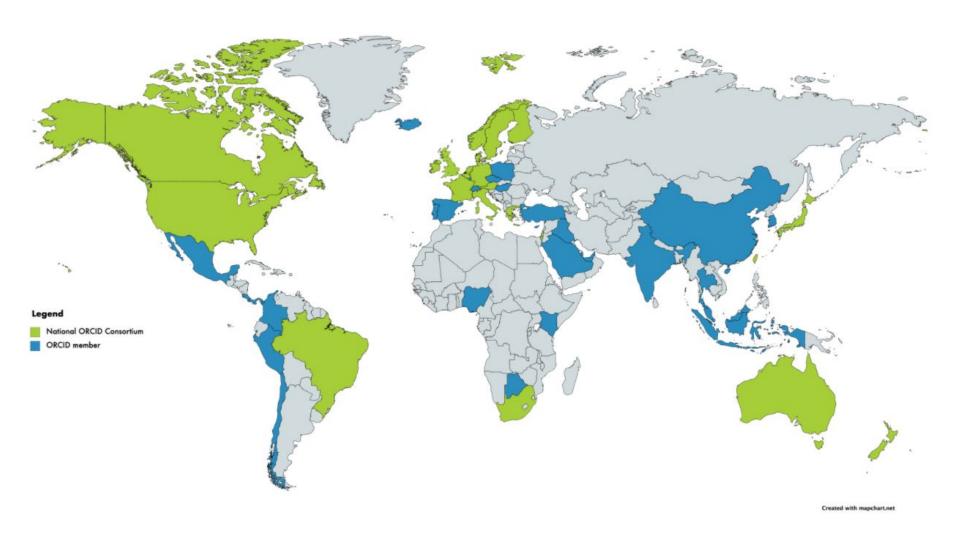


**Upcoming Festival Past Festivals** Gallery Code of Conduct About Contact Home The Open Festival of Persistent Identifiers 27 January 2021 A one-of-a-kind virtual experience at your desk and around the world Festival lineup (coming soon) Tickets (coming soon)

https://www.pidapalooza.org/



## **ORCID** presence worldwide





### How to get involved with ORCID?

Researchers, research institutions, publishers and funding bodies routinely face the problem of accurately linking research publications, data and other research activities to the right researcher. A unique persistent identifier resolves problems of name ambiguity in search and discovery and can ensure that works are correctly and unambiguously attributed to their creator. ORCID solves this long-standing problem by providing a persistent digital identifier (ORCID ID) that distinguishes each researcher. Identifiers are a basis for digital data governance because they enable machine readability, disambiguate and enforce uniqueness, and enable accurate attribution and data integration.

Figure 2. New Zealand ORCID Joint Statement of Principle, 2015.



### NRF ORCID Statement

The NRF requires that all researchers and students applying for funding and rating at the NRF have an ORCID\* identifier.

The NRF is in the process of integrating the ORCID identifier into all application and grant management business processes and systems and will allow researchers to include their ORCID identifier when updating their CVs. The NRF is also considering the downstream integration benefits to both researchers and the NRF including automated processes for uploading research output records into a researcher's profile and annual research reports.

A unique identifier, as provided by ORCID and which researchers can associate with their name variations and their research works, is a way to ensure that these links can be made accurately and reliably. This will help researchers to uniquely identify themselves as the author of their work across all systems integrated with the ORCID registry.

The NRF membership of ORCID ensures that researchers and their institutions will benefit from access to and integration with the ORCID registry, including setting up and maintaining disambiguated records for all researchers and linking these to their publications and other research outputs, leading, in turn, to a simpler, more reliable evaluation process.

\* ORCID is an international, interdisciplinary, open and not-for-profit organisation created in 2010 for the benefit of all stakeholders, including research organisations, research funders, publishers and researchers. We aim to transform the researchers organisations, research by providing a registry of persistent unique identifiers for researchers and scholars and automating linkages to research objects such as publications, grants and patents (www.orcid.org)



#### **Recognizing Our Consortia Lead Organizations**



Submitted by Alice Meadows on Mon, 2019-06-03 00:00

Consortia are fundamental to ORCID -- they enable broad adoption of ORCID with attention to local context. They help us maintain a small staff and in turn we can pass on low membership costs. Together, our consortia lead organizations support about 70% of our members, and help us better understand an address community challenges and opportunities.

At our recent consortia workshop in Atlanta, USA, we were delighted to recognize the contributions of six consortia lead organizations that have significantly helped grow and support the ORCID community.







Above, left to right: Award-winners Sheila Rabun and Celeste Feather of LYRASIS (center), Wesley Barrey of TENET (left), and Pål Axelsson of SUNET (left)



## شکرا! Thank You!